



AGILE GURGAON 2016



27-28 May 2016

The Leela Ambience Hotel,
Gurgaon

www.agilegurgaon.com

AGILE GURGAON

www.agilegurgaon.com

AGILE GURGAON

Agile & Lean Movie Making

Smoothen Production Execution
Maximize Rol
Save Cost

About Utpal



Utpal Chakraborty



Utpal Chakraborty is a IT Delivery Manager in a Chemical R&D Co. He is also Creative Director of two Parallel Bollywood Movies.



AGILE GURGAON



Moviemaking is a collaborative process.....

Vision drives the Movie



It is driven by the **Vision** of a Screenplay Writer and/or a Director.

A movie is a huge project

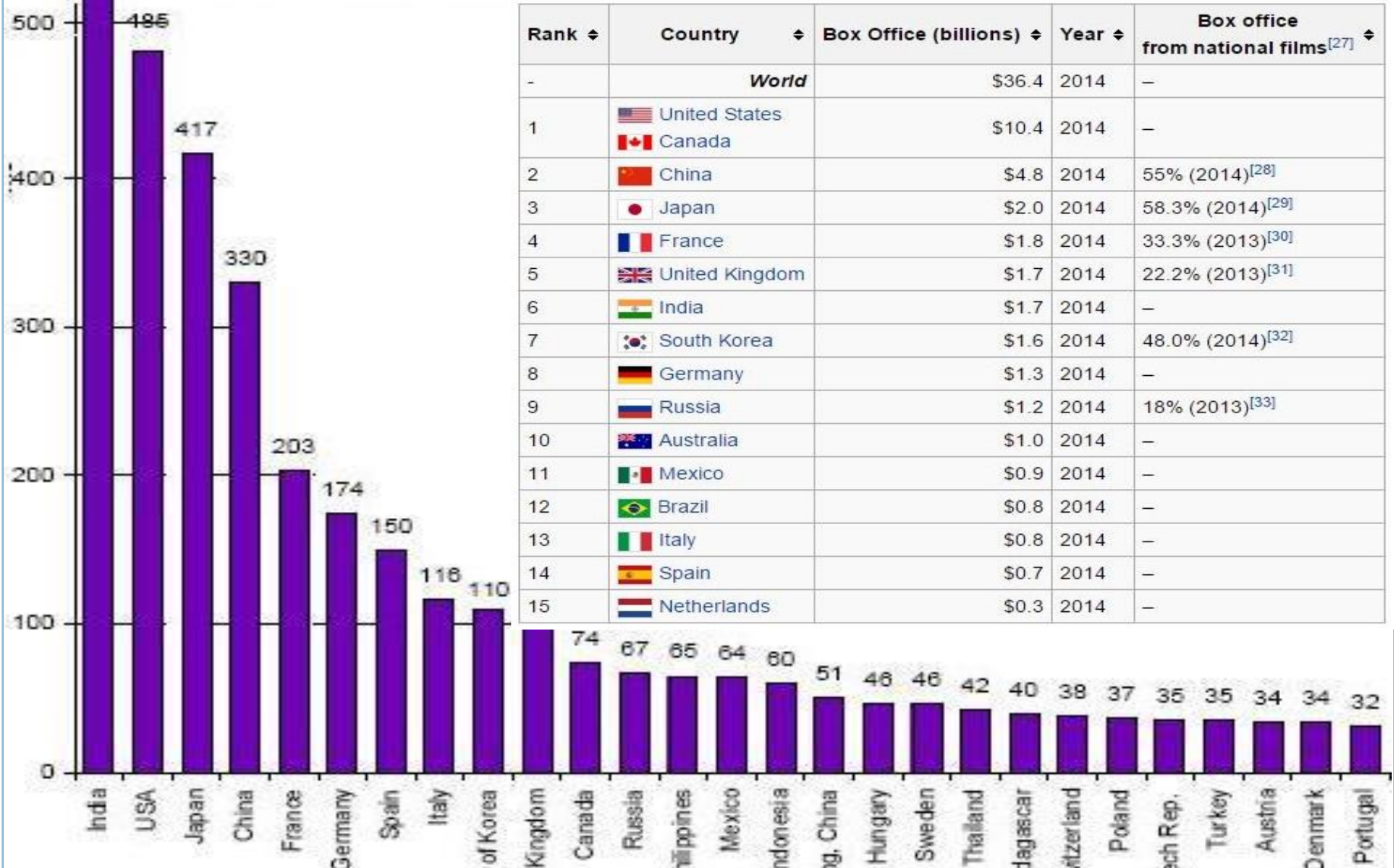
(Avg. Hollywood Budget >\$100 millions and Bollywood Budget >INR 50 Crores)



Moviemaking is a costly affair involves **risks and uncertainties**.
An **Agile** approach of **incremental moviemaking** makes it more
predictable and risk resilience.

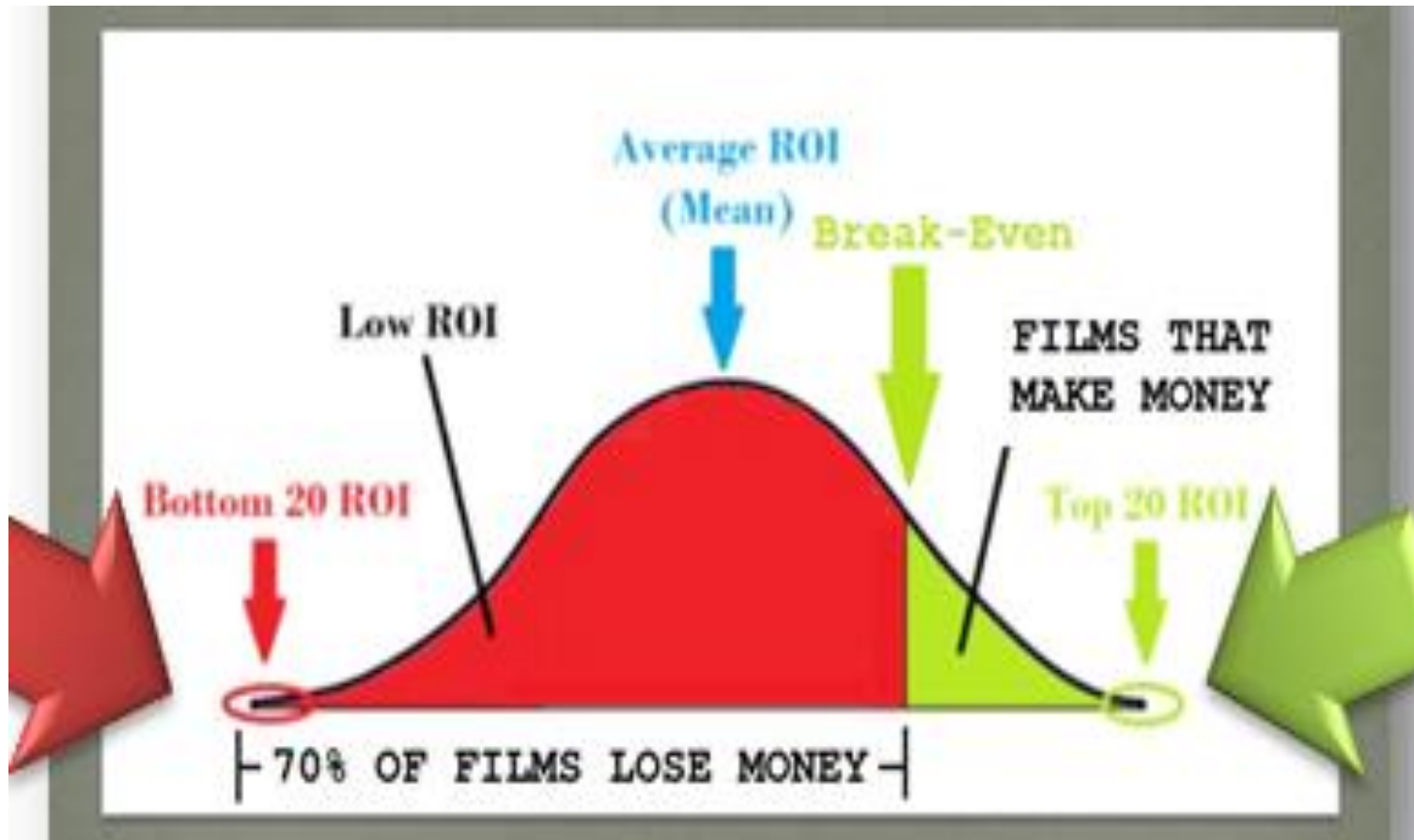
1091

Global Box Office Statistics 2014



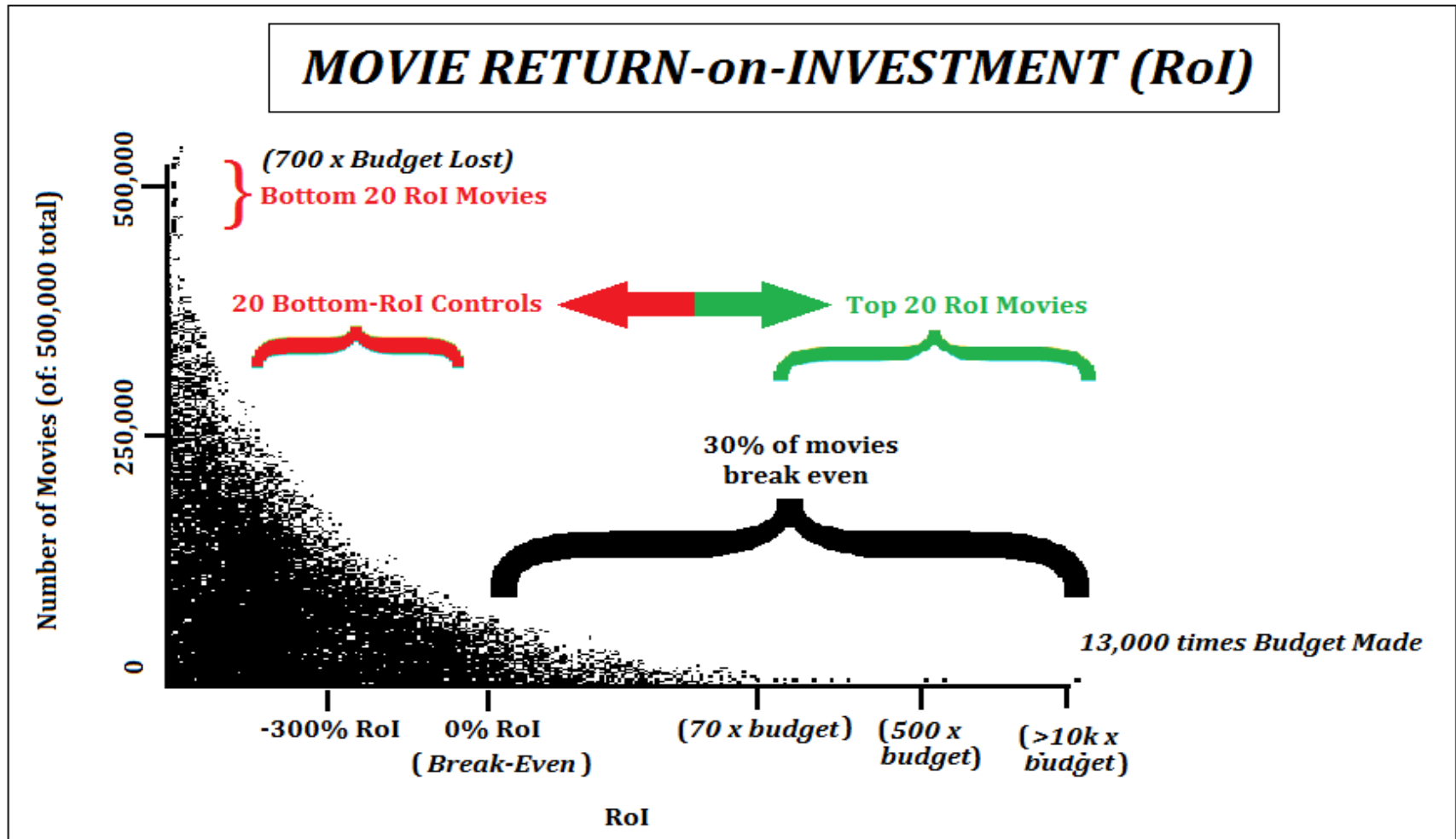
Global box office revenue is close to \$40 billion

Movie ROI Curve



Approximately 70% of the movies lose money. So, saving cost at every stage of moviemaking as well as a systematic production execution approach is crucial to get the maximum ROI.

Return-on-Investment for Movies



Hardly 15% of the movies get a good Return-on-Investment (RoI).

Why most of the movies do not get a good RoI ?

TOTAL BOC = $b_0 + b_1\text{PUBLIC} + b_2\text{POOR_PROD} + b_3\text{OVER_PROD_COST} + b_3\text{STAR_POWER} + b_4\text{DIRECTOR_POWER} + b_5\text{SEASON} + b_6\text{SCREENS} + b_7\text{DISTRIBUTION_POWER} + b_8\text{REVIEW} + b_9\text{FIRST_WEEK} + \epsilon$

Poor Publicity / Promotion

Poor Star Cast

Poor Production Execution

Over Production Cost

Less Reputed Production Brand

Creative Issue

Distribution Issue

Less Reputed Director

Wrong Release Date

Poor Critics Review

Sequel Issue

Trailer Issue

Genre Issue

Production problems due to absence of proper Methodology

Bad Quality, not even up to the expectation of Director & Producer

Huge waste due to not considering “which to shoot where & when” in terms of saving cost (MoSCoW can be used here)

Wastage due to early production and over production by blocking money for long time not considering time-to-market

Wastage due to delay & wait time in different stages of moviemaking and thus blocking money unnecessarily

Wastage due to Re-Shoot, Recreate, deviation from the budget & timeline

Huge wastage in transportation, relocation, food & other expenses due to lack of proper production execution strategy

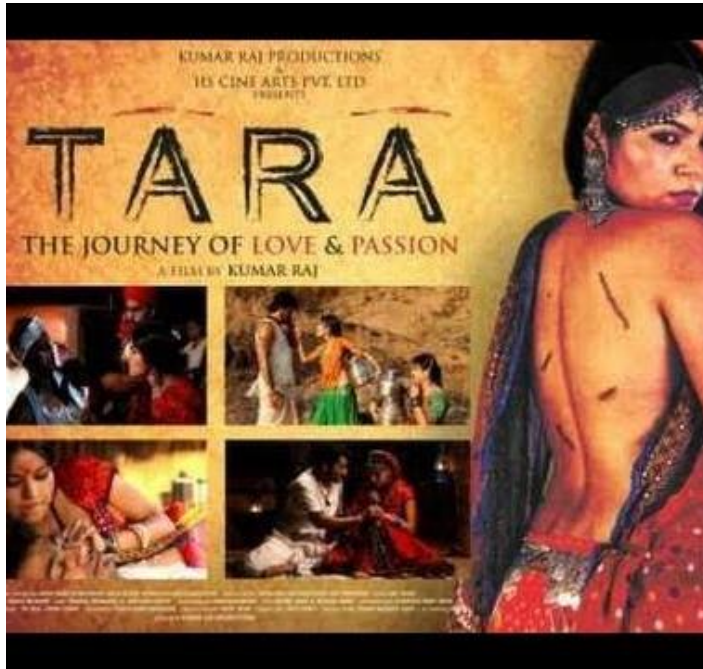
Wastage due to over processing, over concern of things to make it more perfect, over creative issues, vision not being conceived well

Why not AGILE & LEAN in movie making ??



AGILE GURGAON

Pilot Projects



TARA The Journey of Love & Passion



Extraordinaari

On an average 10% to 12% savings on overall production cost

Agile & Lean implemented in a crude way

Principles Adopted (Agile Movie Manifesto)

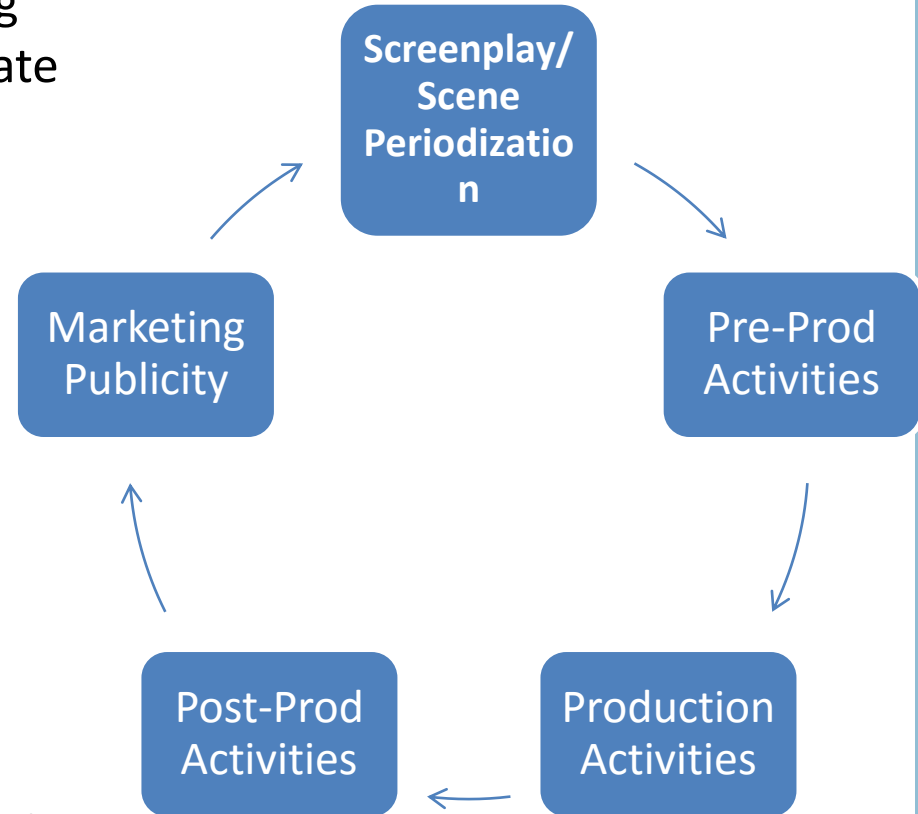
1. Our aim is to satisfy audience through timely delivery of engaging & entertaining movies. And we welcome changes even late in development.

2. The team (Cast & Crew) sharing responsibility for delivering the complete movie as per writer/director's vision.

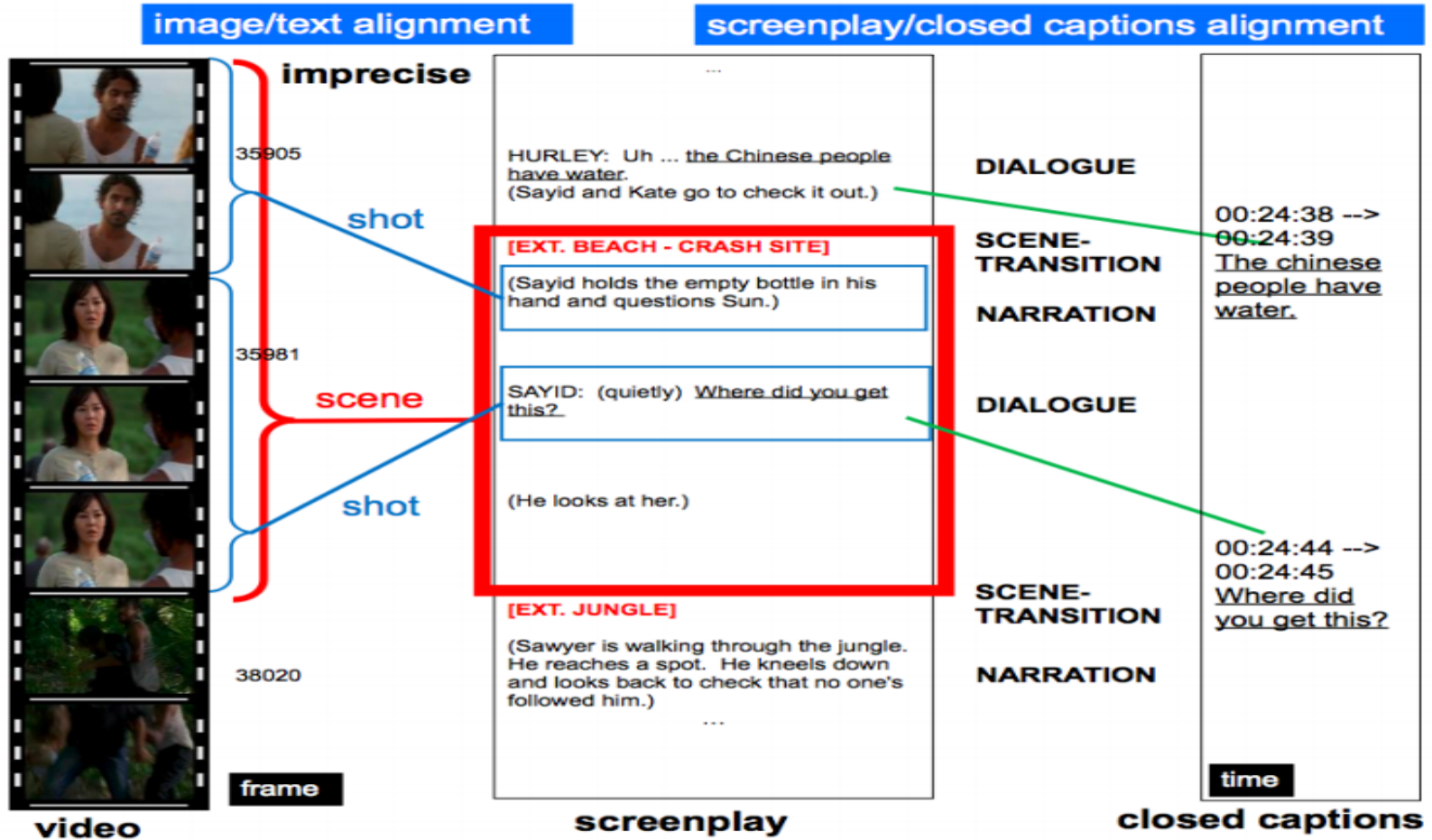
3. Experimenting, prototyping, shared learning & using effective tools to make moviemaking process faster, more predictable and cost effective.

4. Focus on eliminating waste and wasteful activities in the entire value stream of moviemaking process.

5. Continuous focus on technical excellence and use of advanced tools and techniques to enhance agility.



User Stories & Epics in Movies



Each Scene is an User Story. Related Scenes comprises an Epic

Prototyping with Storyboard in movies



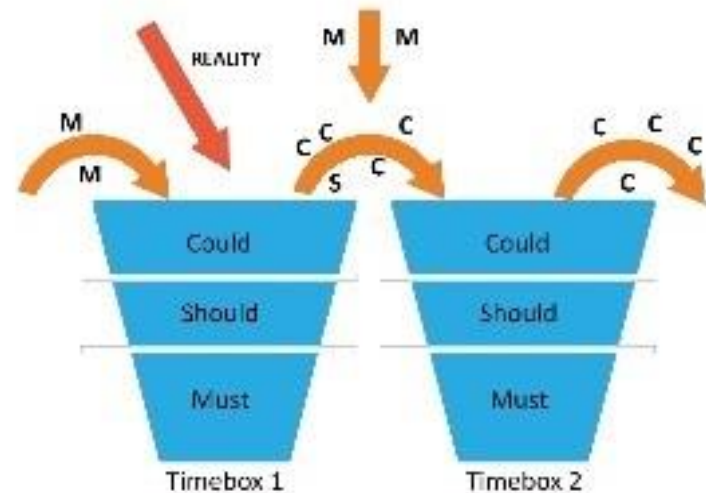
**Storyboard to be better prepared in shooting & visualization.
Save time, energy, cost still get better quality.**

Use MoSCoW and other techniques for scene prioritization

Prioritizing Requirements — MoSCoW

There are three prioritization schemes that can be applied within Agile. The first technique is MoSCoW.

- The prioritizing technique used in Dynamic systems development method (DSDM) is MoSCoW.
- Under this technique, requirements are prioritized based on Must, Should, Could, and Won't.



Use MoSCoW, to sequence the scenes to be developed and edited

Prioritize scenes using “MoSCoW” technique to arrive at “Which scene to shoot Where & When”.

Role Based Agile Production Execution



Agile Client (Audience)



Agile Scrum Master



Agile Development Team



Agile Product Owner

Movie Production SCRUM Team with well defined Roles and clear Responsibilities.

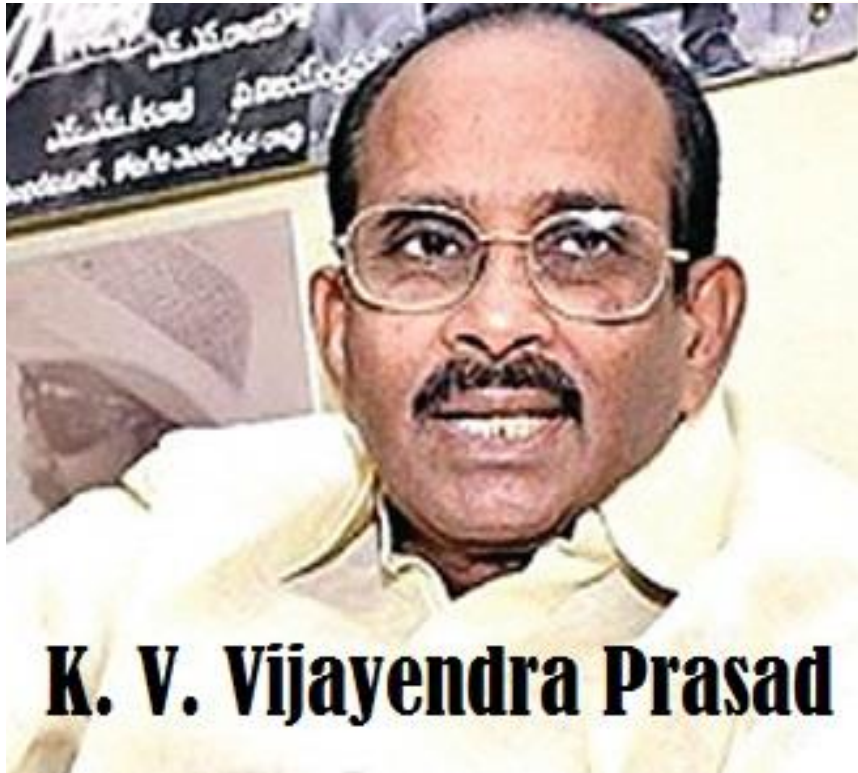
AGILE GURGAON

Agile Client -> Producer



Customer or Client who spend money on the project and expects maximum return on his investment (RoI).

Agile Product Owner -> Story / Screenplay Writer



CHETAN BHAGAT



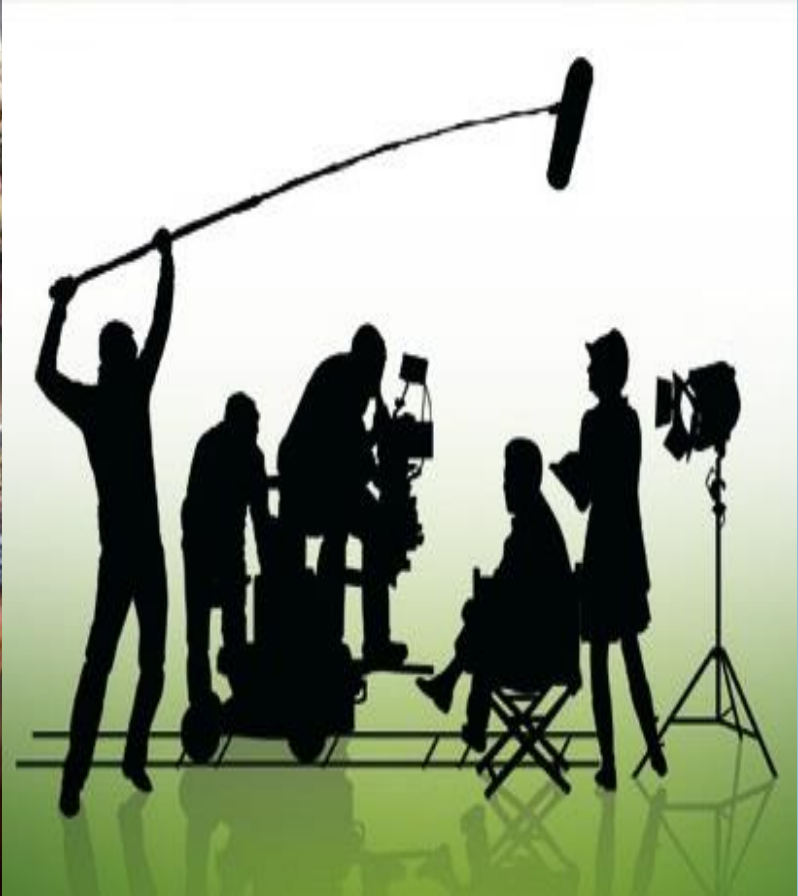
Product Owner who has a clear understanding and knowledge of the requirement. He is the sole person responsible for managing the Product Backlog (Backlog of Scenes).

Agile Scrum Master -> Director



Scrum Master executes the entire project (The Film). The Scrum Master does anything possible to help the team perform at their highest level in line with his vision for the movie.

Scrum Team-> Cast & Crew



Movie SCRUM Team includes the entire cast & Crew.
Agile methodology in movie making brings perfection in execution, enhances quality, better predictability, maximizes productivity & savings.

Movie Scrum Methodology

1 Product Backlog
The Product Backlog contains a wish list of all the User Stories of a product.



2 Release Backlog
The goal of a given release is to deliver a subset of the Product Backlog, known as the Release Backlog.



3 Sprint Backlogs
Each Sprint (or short duration milestone) takes a small chunk of the Release Backlog and gets it Ship-Ready!



Team Roles:

Product Owner: Is responsible for what goes into the product backlog and prioritizes it. Would probably make a good dictator if given the chance.

Scrum Master: A team facilitator. Ensures teams have what they need to get the job done. Also, sets up meetings and monitors everything. Also, kicks ass when necessary.

Developers & Testers: They write code and make sure it does what it's supposed to do. Duh!

For more info:

Intro to Scrum Video: www.sxooft.com/scrumvideo

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 3.0 Unported License. © 2012 Scrumoft, LLC.

Estimation Techniques:

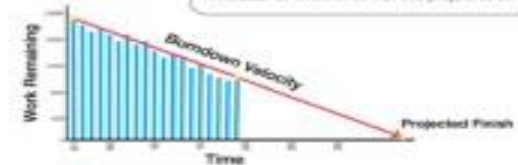
Hours: When estimating work, it's important to have the entire team use some standards. Use 1h, 2h, 4h, 8h, etc. No estimations in-between.



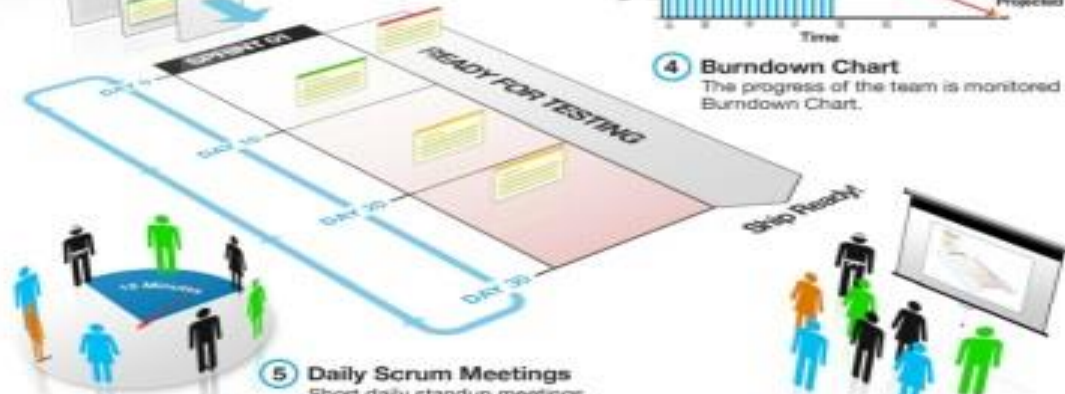
Story Points: You can also estimate work in comparison to the complexity of a well known but simple component.



Remember that in Scrum, the estimations are only part of the story. The Burndown Velocity is the true indicator of whether or not the project is on track.



4 Burndown Chart
The progress of the team is monitored using a Burndown Chart.



5 Daily Scrum Meetings
Short daily standup meetings ensure everything is on track and everyone has the tools they need.

6 Sprint Retrospective
After each sprint, a longer retrospective meeting helps fine-tune the process.

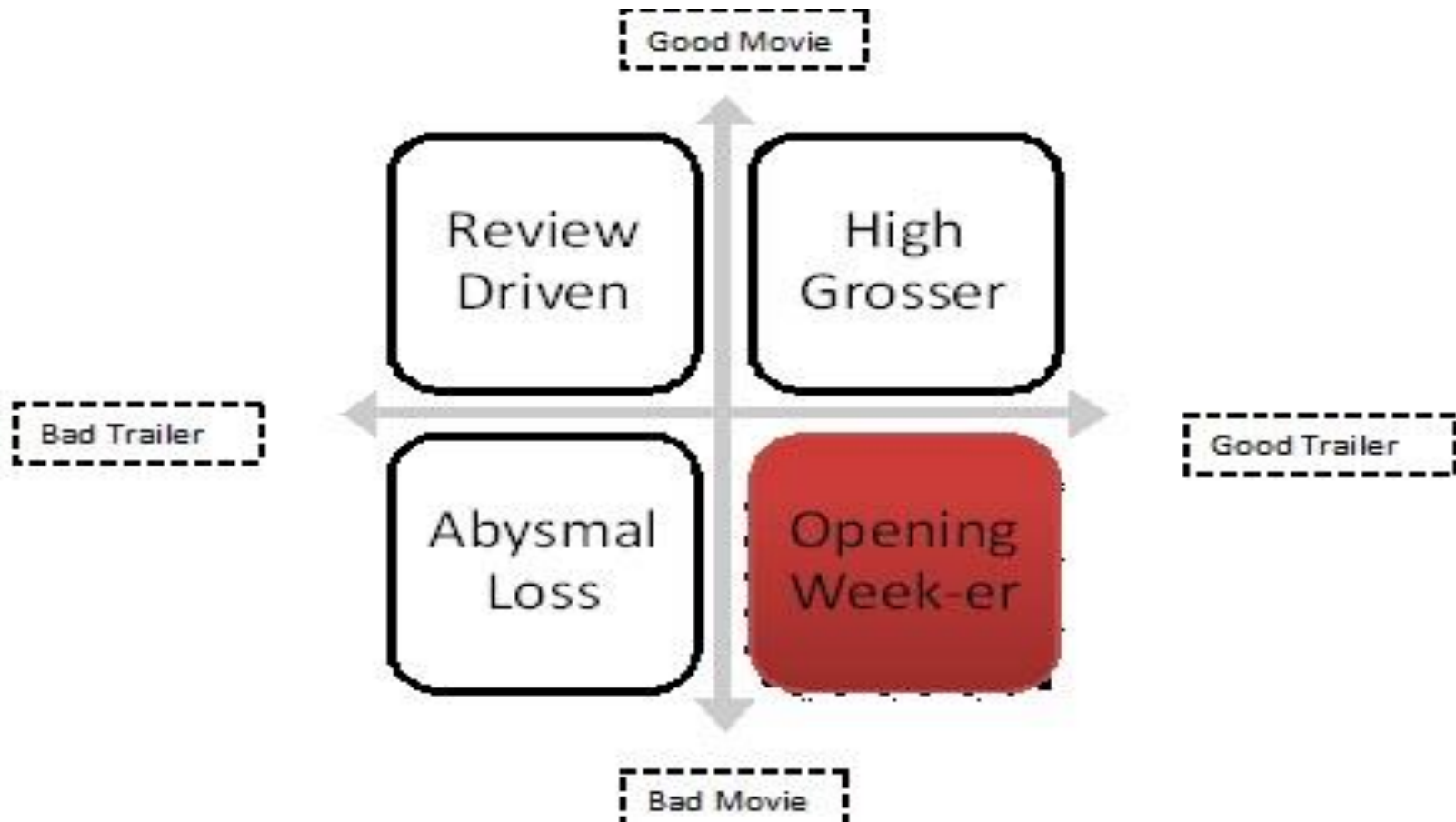
Shooting and Editing scene by scene in a systematic way using Scrum Methodology gives predictability & confidence as well saves huge cost.

Incremental delivery & feedback in Agile way



On-The-Set Editing helps incremental delivery and quick feedback.
Experimenting, Prototyping using Effective Tools makes Moviemaking process faster, more predictable and cost effective.

Impact of Trailer & Review on Total Gross



Trailer & Review both play a major role on the Total Gross of Movies. **Executing Movies in Agile way** improves Production Cost vs Total Gross Collection.

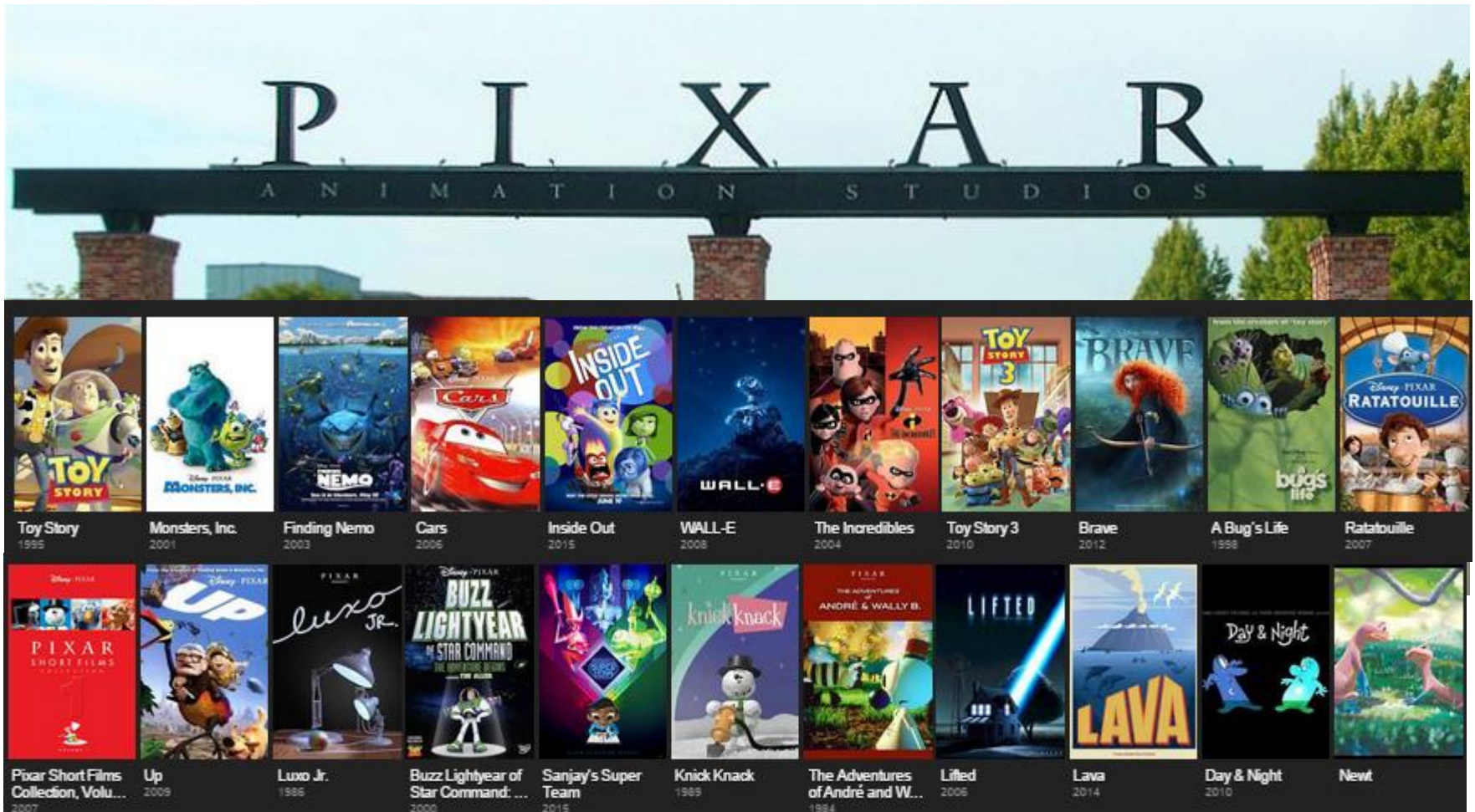
Daily Scrum -> Envisioning in the Daily Shooting Schedule



Animation or Brainstorming Games & Story Map are used during Envisioning

Envisioning is a process wherein the cast & crew spend 1 hour at the start of the day to discuss and set target for the day. Normally after a quick round of introduction of the team, the number of related scenes to shoot and edited on-the-set for the day is decided and agreed upon.

Retrospectives -> Post-Mortem



Pixar asks post-mortem participants to list the **top five things they'd do again** and the **top five things they wouldn't do**.

Use of Effective Tools makes Moviemaking Efficient & Cost Effective



Using Agile Practices in Moviemaking can take you to your destination in a systematic way.

Building a Movie Incrementally with Continuous Feedback



“A Film is made three times” When you write it,
When you shoot it & When you edit it.

Use “VFX 3D Object” instead of a real Tiger which will be costly



AGILE GURGAON

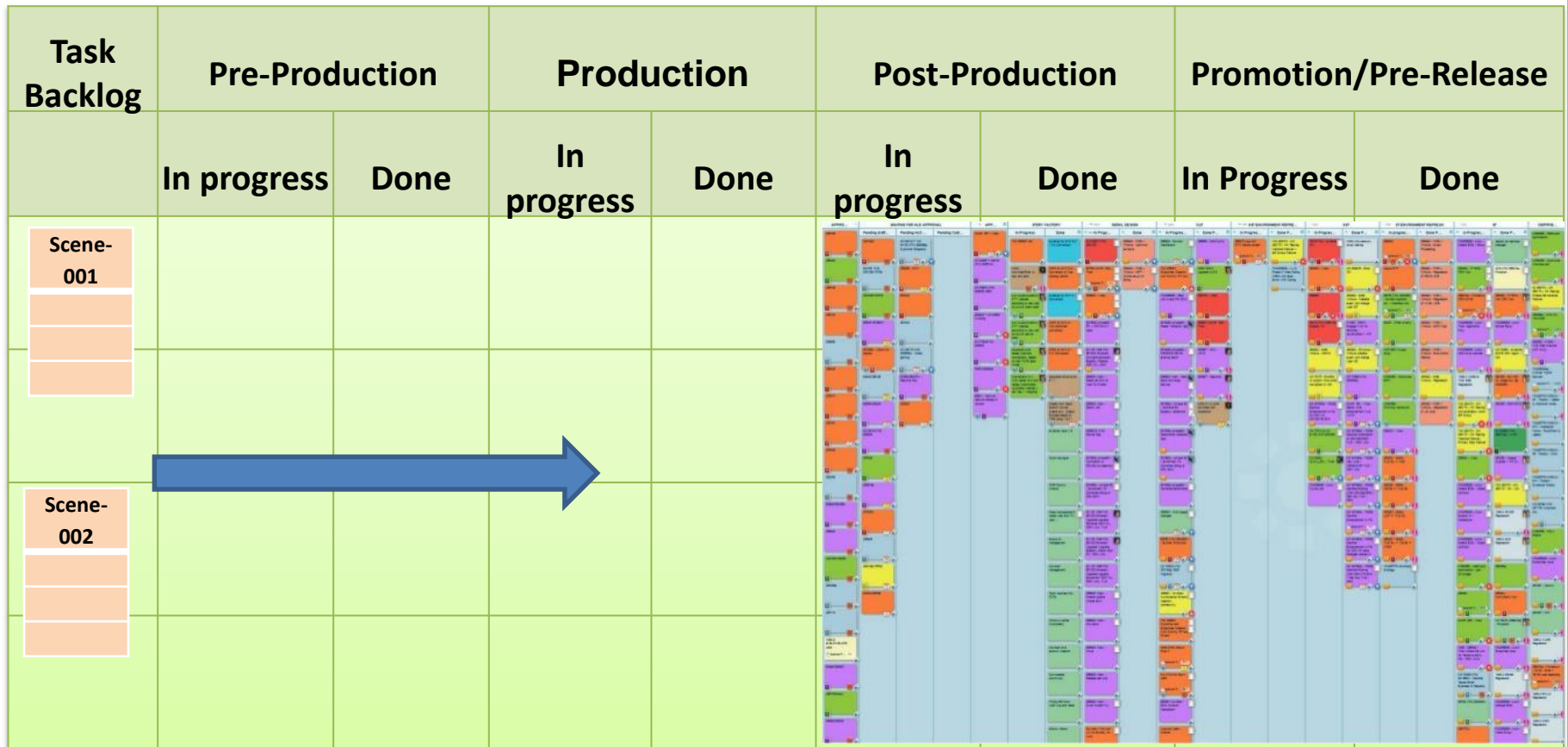
Use of Effective Tools makes Moviemaking Efficient & Cost Effective



AGILE GURGAON

Dealing with **Creative Constraints** impacting Cost & Schedule of a movie. Use of advanced tools and techniques for visual reality still save cost.

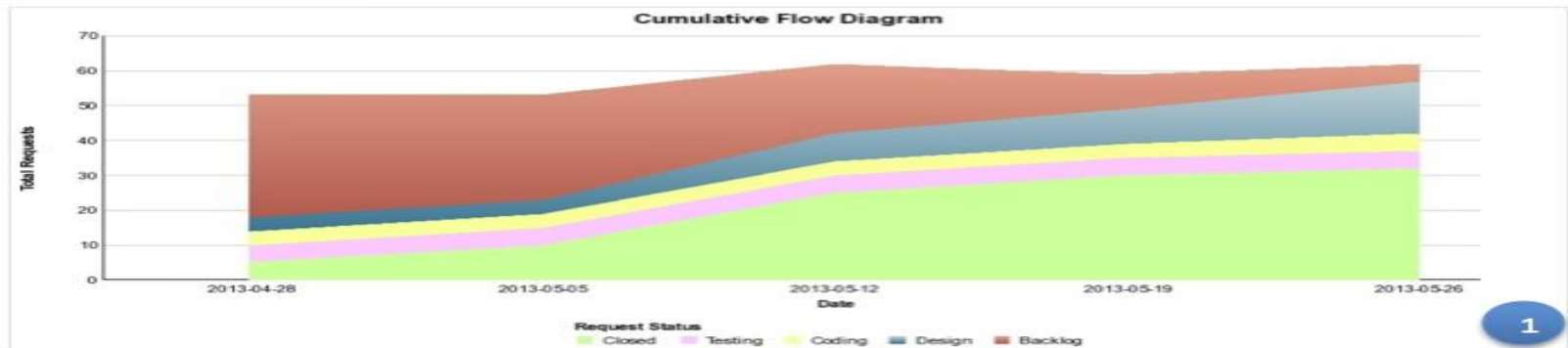
Use Scrum Board / Kanban Board to track the progress efficiently



Use of Analytics & Metrics like **Lead and Cycle Time and Cumulative Flow Diagrams** allow to measure the performance of the movie making and help in identifying inefficiencies and bottlenecks and increases predictability.

Metrics to see performance and take corrective action on time

Kanban Executive Dashboard



Collecting Matrices is very important to correctly measure the progress of the project (Movie Production) and measure its health indicators.

Use of Analytics & Metrics like **Lead and Cycle Time and Cumulative Flow Diagrams** allow to measure the performance of the movie making and help in identifying inefficiencies and bottlenecks and increases predictability.

Apply Techniques like parallel shooting of independent scenes to save time & cost



Day Scene



Night Scene

AGILE GURGAON

“Hot Cost” in Movie Daily Production Budget Comparison

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet titled "Hot Cost Sheet" used for comparing budgeted and actual costs in movie production. At the top, there are summary cells for "Labor Cost" (18.8) and "Crew Cost" (7.6). The main table is organized into sections for different departments, each with columns for "Budget" and "Actual" costs. The departments listed include Production, Camera, and Post-Production. The spreadsheet uses color coding (yellow for budget, red for actual) and includes various formulas and data points.

Department	Budget	Actual	Variance
Production	22.8	22.8	0.0
Camera	20.0	20.0	0.0
Post-Production	20.0	20.0	0.0

Use **Six-Sigma LEAN** Techniques to eliminate wastes in daily Production using “**Hot Cost Sheet**”.

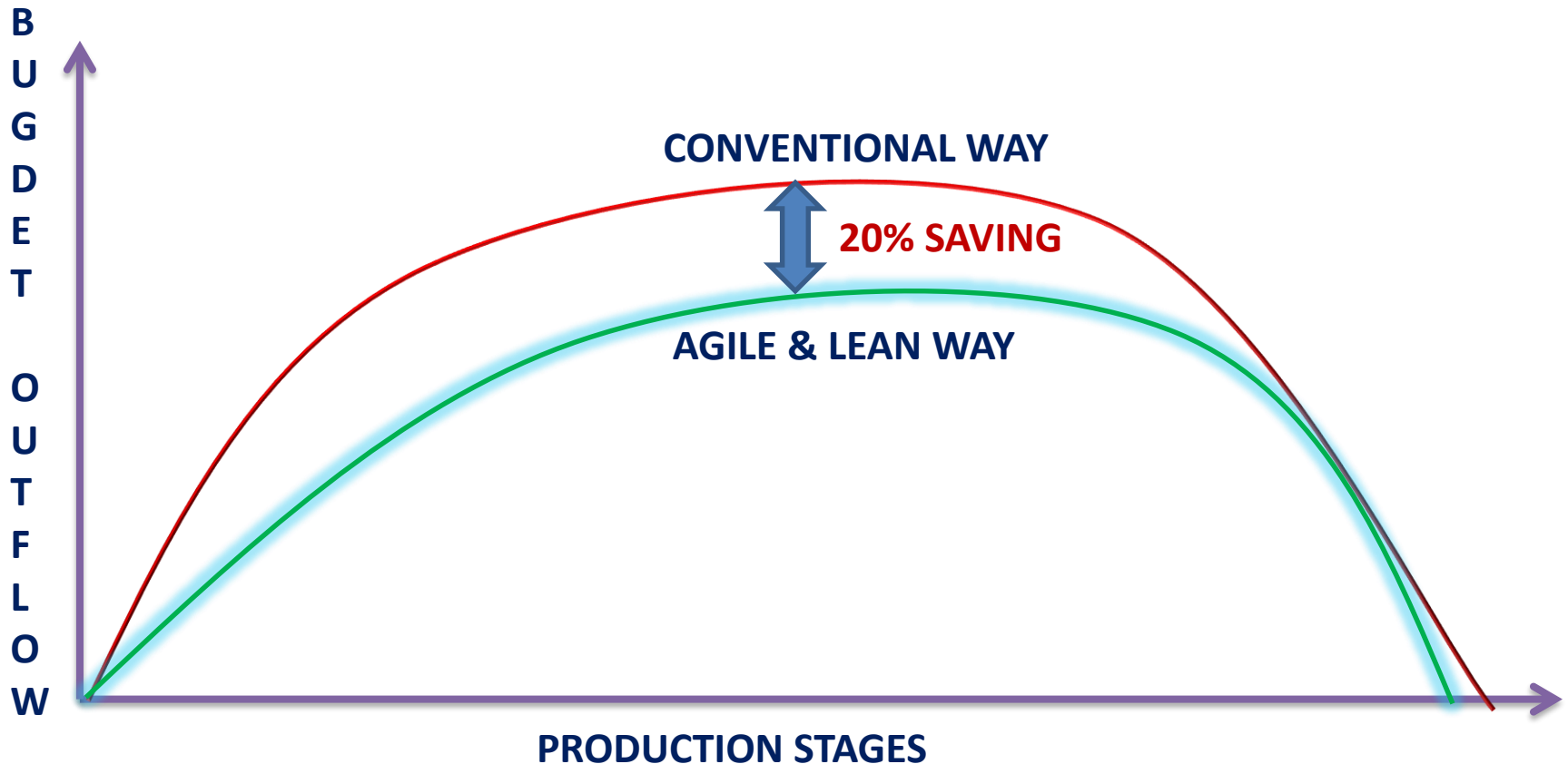
Quantitative Analysis always gives better control, predictability and corrective actions can be taken on time if something goes wrong.

Different areas of moviemaking where waste can be eliminated

Expense Category	Approximate Saving (%)	Expense Category	Approximate Saving (%)
STORY AND RIGHTS	Some %	VEHICLE & ANIMALS	11%
PRODUCER(S)	Some %	MAKE-UP & HAIR	15%
DIRECTOR	Some %	SET LIGHTING	22%
CAST	12%	CAMERA	22%
TRAVEL & LIVING	25%	PRODUCTION SOUND	17%
PRODUCTION STAFF	24%	TRANSPORTATION	21%
EXTRA TALENT	13%	LOCATION EXPENSES	15%
SET LOCATIONS	21%	2ND UNIT	10%
SET DESIGN	12%	TESTS	12%
SET OPERATIONS	10%	VISUAL EFFECTS	22%
SPECIAL EFFECTS	14%	EDITING	22%
SET DRESSING	15%	MUSIC	21%
PROPERTY	20%	POST PRODUCTION SOUND	20%
COSTUMES	12%	POST PRODUCTION FILM & LAB	12%
INSURANCE	7%	PUBLICITY	25%

Over all approximately **20%** saving using Agile & LEAN

Production Budget Outflow in Conventional vs. Agile & Lean way



Up to 20% of the overall Budget of the movie can be saved by effective use of Agile & Lean techniques.

Movie Making Involves Huge Risk & Uncertainties



20% Waste

Haphazard Execution

Conventional Way of Movie Making



20% Saving

Smooth Execution

Agile & Lean Way of Movie Making



Thanks a lot !



QUESTIONS ?

